

## NG-10604

Seat No.

## Final Year B.P.T. Examination

January - 2017

## Physiotherapy & Rehabilitation Therapy

Time: 2 Hours] [Total Marks: 50

**Instructions:** (1) All questions are compulsory.

- (2) Figures to the right indicate marks.
- (3) Diagrams shall be appreciated.
- 1 Long essay: (any two)

20

- (a) Write in detail about causes of Amputation and levels of Amputation.
- (b) How will you Rehabilitate a 50 year old male patient with fracture rect femur and operated with cemented bipolar prosthesis.
- (c) Explain in detail the role and importance of Amputation Clinic Team members.
- 2 Short notes: (any two)

10

- (a) Phantom limb pain
- (b) Residual limb care
- (c) Management of contractures
- Write in short: (any five)

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- (a) Axonotmesis
- (b) Define Orthosis
- (c) KAFO
- (d) Symes' amputation
- (e) Post surgical skin examination guide
- (f) Shrinkers.

| Mu  | ltiple ch | noice questions :   | 10 |  |
|-----|-----------|---|----|--|
| (1) | Cock      | up splint is given in   |    |  |
|     | (a)       | Radial nerve injury   |    |  |
|     | (b)       | Ulnar nerve injury  |    |  |
|     | (c)       | Median nerve injury   |    |  |
|     | (d)       | Peroneal nerve injury   |    |  |
| (2) | Dors      | o Lumbar brace is also called   |    |  |
|     | (a)       | Cash brace  |    |  |
|     | (b)       | Taylor brace  |    |  |
|     | (c)       | Both  |    |  |
|     | (d)       | None  |    |  |
| (3) |           | After Amputation patient will be independent in wheel chair mobility and self care within week/weeks. |    |  |
|     | (a)       | 2   |    |  |
|     | (b)       | 3   |    |  |
|     | (c)       | 1   |    |  |
|     | (d)       | None  |    |  |
| (4) | Post      | operative Amputation dressings include  |    |  |
|     | (a)       | rigid dressing  |    |  |
|     | (b)       | semirigid dressing  |    |  |
|     | (c)       | soft dressing   |    |  |
|     | (d)       | all of the above  |    |  |
| (5) | Elast     | ic wraps are for  |    |  |
|     | (a)       | Distraction   |    |  |
|     | (b)       | Compression   |    |  |
|     | (c)       | No use  |    |  |
|     | (d)       | Infection   |    |  |
| (6) | The j     | The phanton limb is usually characterized as  |    |  |
|     | (a)       | Cramping or squeezing sensation   |    |  |
|     | (b)       | Shooting or burning pain  |    |  |
|     | (c)       | Both  |    |  |
|     | (d)       | None  |    |  |

| (7)  | Transtibial Bandage are usually used for residual limbs and are of the size of |                            |  |
|------|--|----------------------------|--|
|      | (a)  | 4 inches                   |  |
|      | (b)  | 6 inches                   |  |
|      | (c)  | Not used                   |  |
|      | (d)  | Both (A) and (B)           |  |
| (8)  | Patients with burns are highly susceptible to the development of               |                            |  |
|      | (a)  | Myositis ossification      |  |
|      | (b)  | Heterotropic ossification  |  |
|      | (c)  | Both                       |  |
|      | (d)  | None                       |  |
| (9)  | Examination of pain is done through  |                            |  |
|      | (a)  | Glasgow coma scale         |  |
|      | (b)  | Visual Analogue scale      |  |
|      | (c)  | Mc Gill Pain questionnaire |  |
|      | (d)  | Combination of (B) and (C) |  |
| (10) | Elbow extension is an example of which normal end feel?                        |                            |  |
|      | (a)  | Soft tissue approximation  |  |
|      | (b)  | Enpty                      |  |
|      | (c)  | Hard                       |  |
|      | (d)  | Firm                       |  |
|      |  |                            |  |